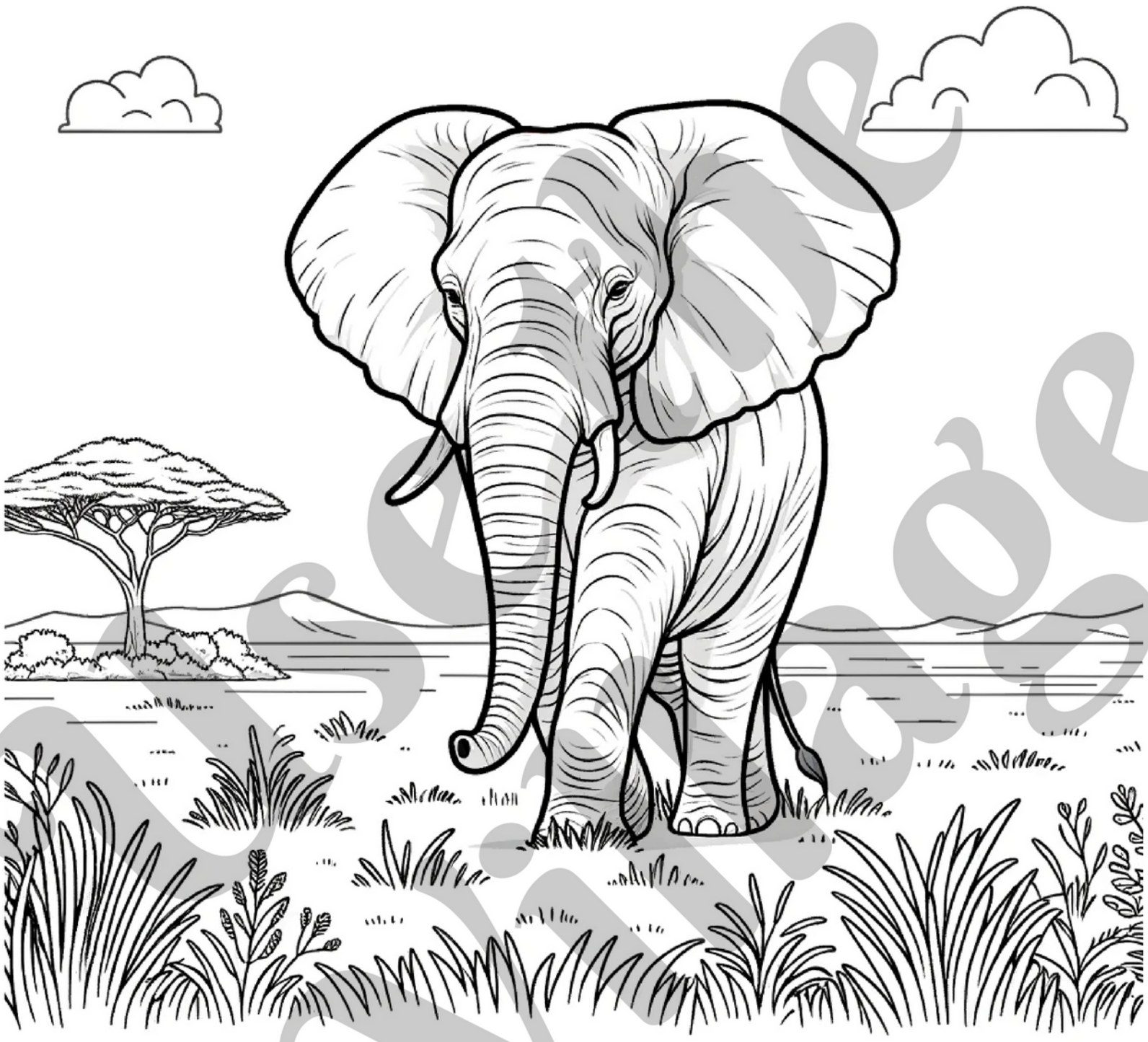
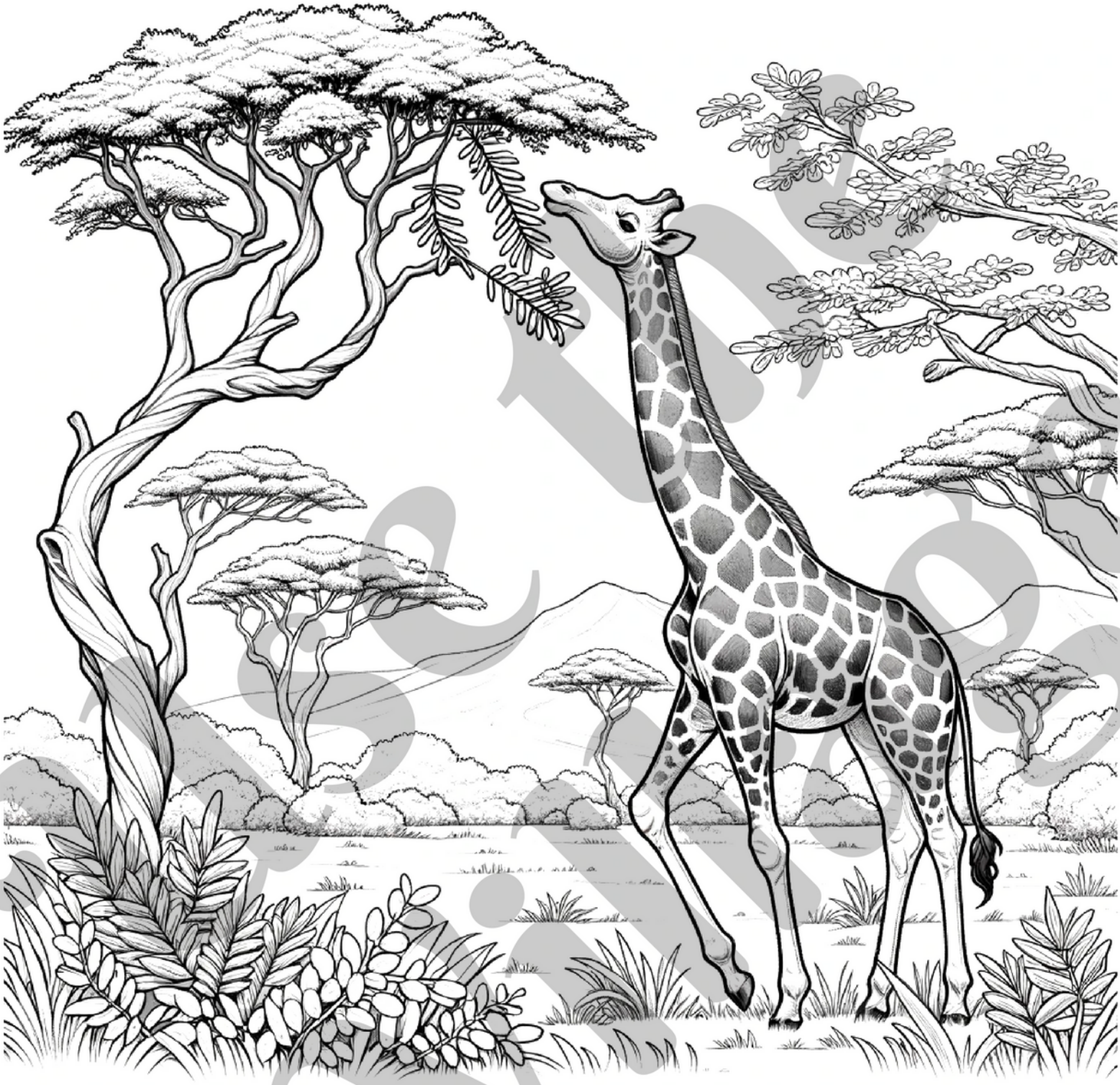


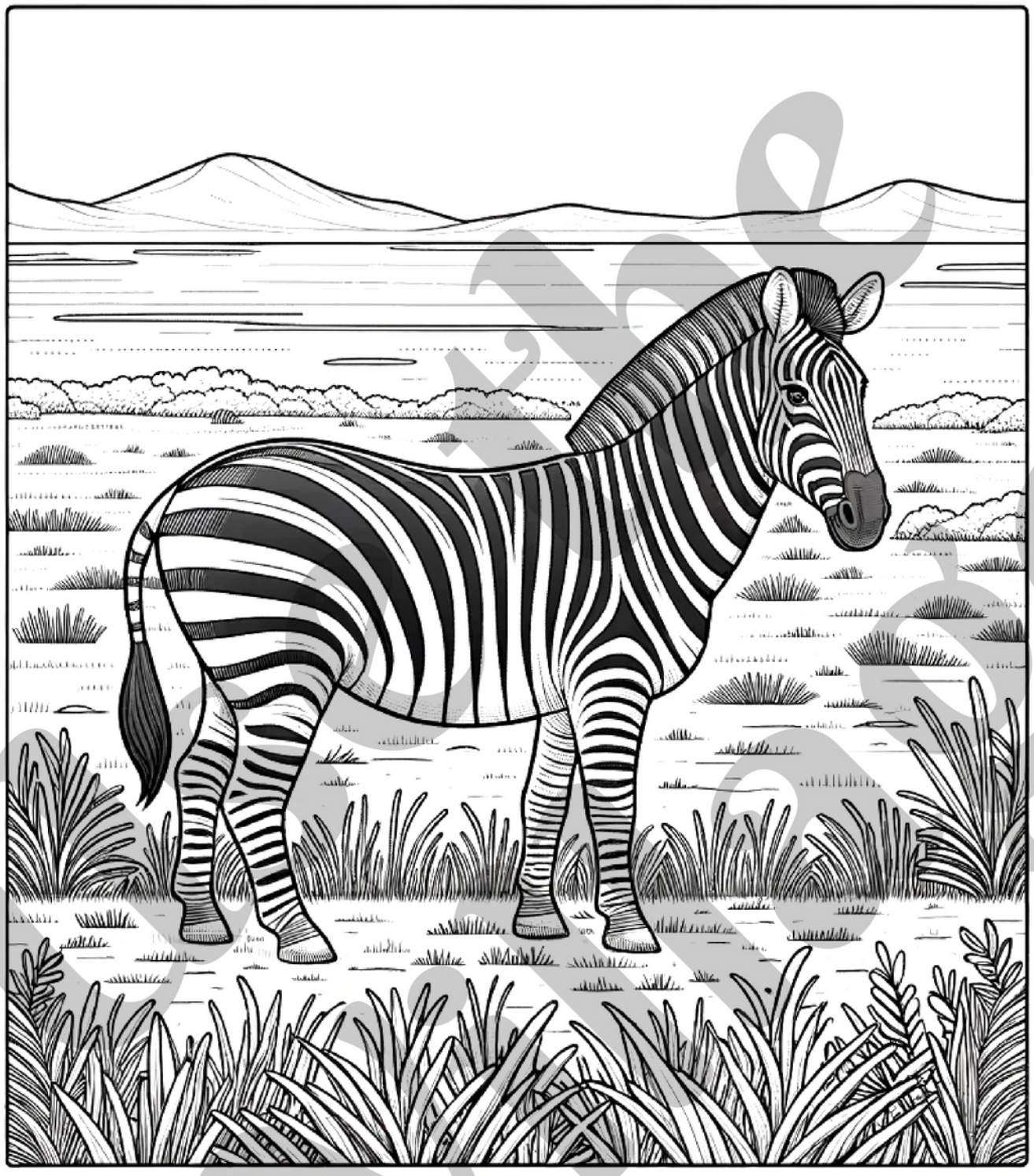
African elephants are known for their large ears, which are shaped like the African continent. These ears help regulate their body temperature and are also used for communication and display.



Giraffes are the tallest mammals on Earth, with their legs alone often taller than many humans.



Lions are the only big cats that live in groups, known as prides, which are typically led by females.



Zebras have unique stripe patterns, just like human fingerprints, which help them to recognize each other.



Rhinoceros have thick, protective skin, but they can still be sensitive to sunburns and insect bites.



Hippos are one of the largest land mammals and spend most of their time in water to keep their large bodies cool under the hot African sun.



African buffaloes are known for their strong herd instinct, with herds that can number in the hundreds.



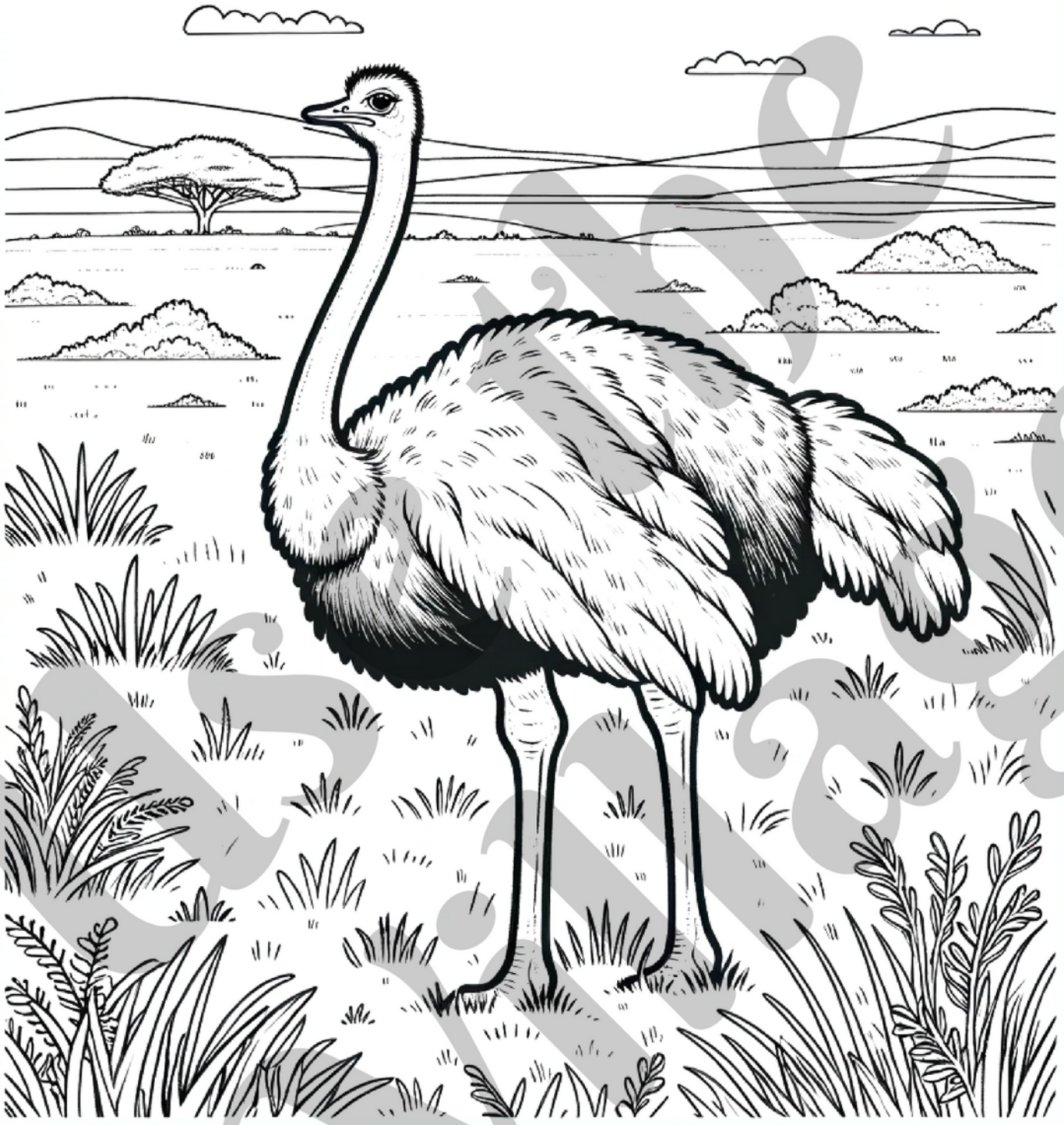
African wild dogs are highly social animals, known for their unique painted fur and their highly effective cooperative hunting strategies.



Meerkats are small mammals known for their upright posture. They live in large groups and take turns doing tasks like foraging and keeping a lookout for predators.



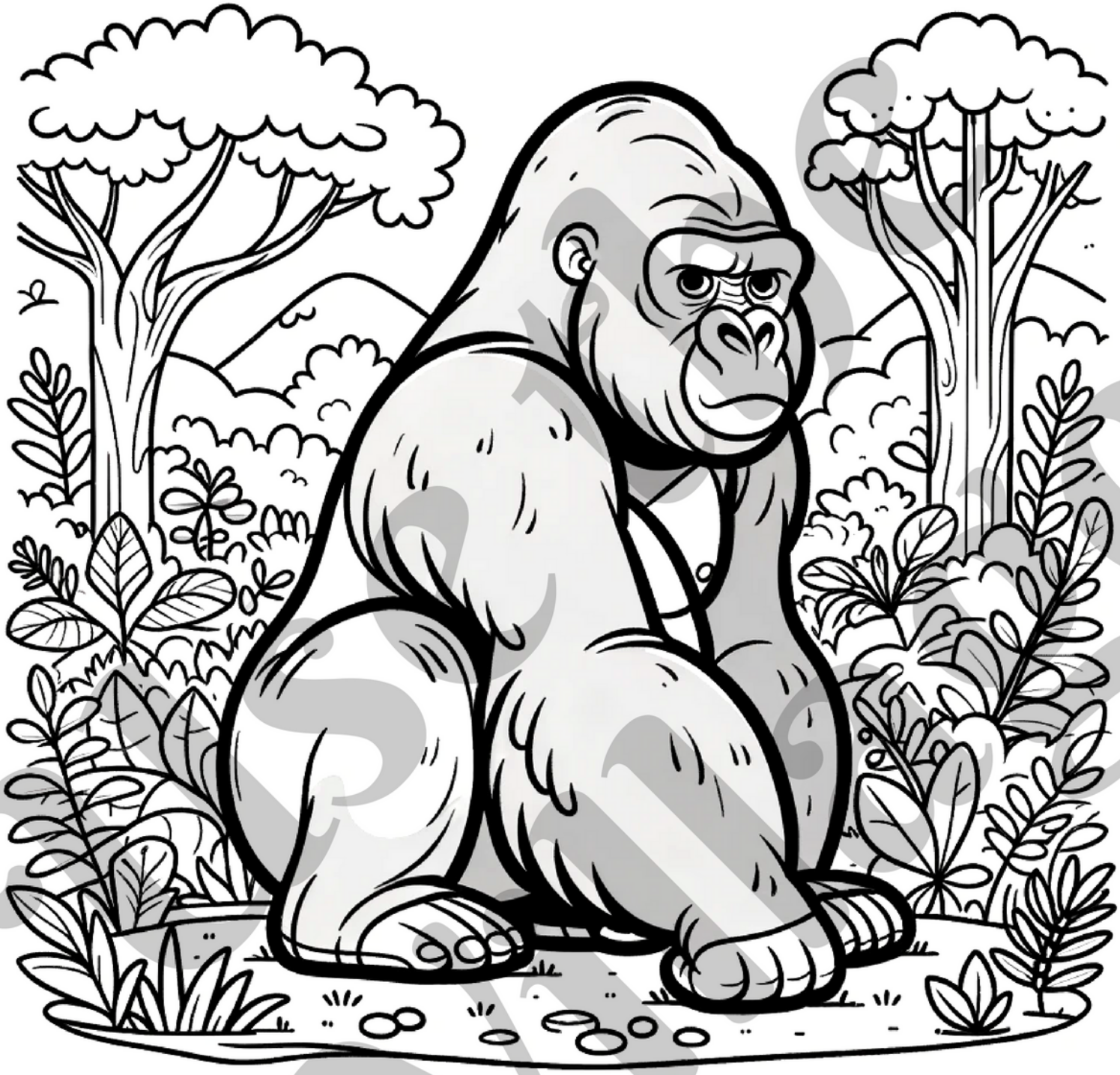
African crocodiles are one of the largest crocodile species and are known for their powerful jaws and agility in water.



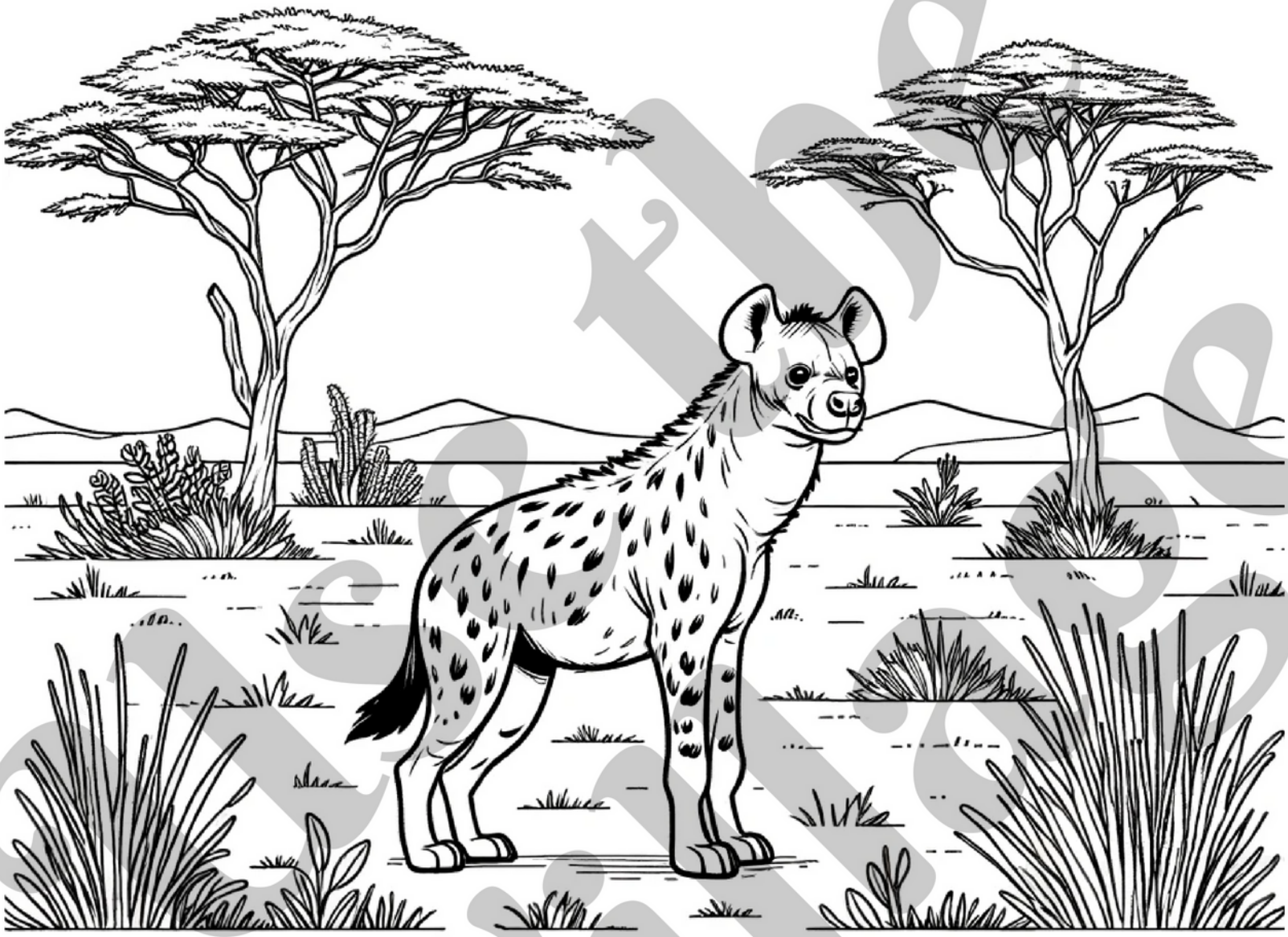
Ostriches are the world's largest birds and are known for their fast running speed and large, powerful legs.



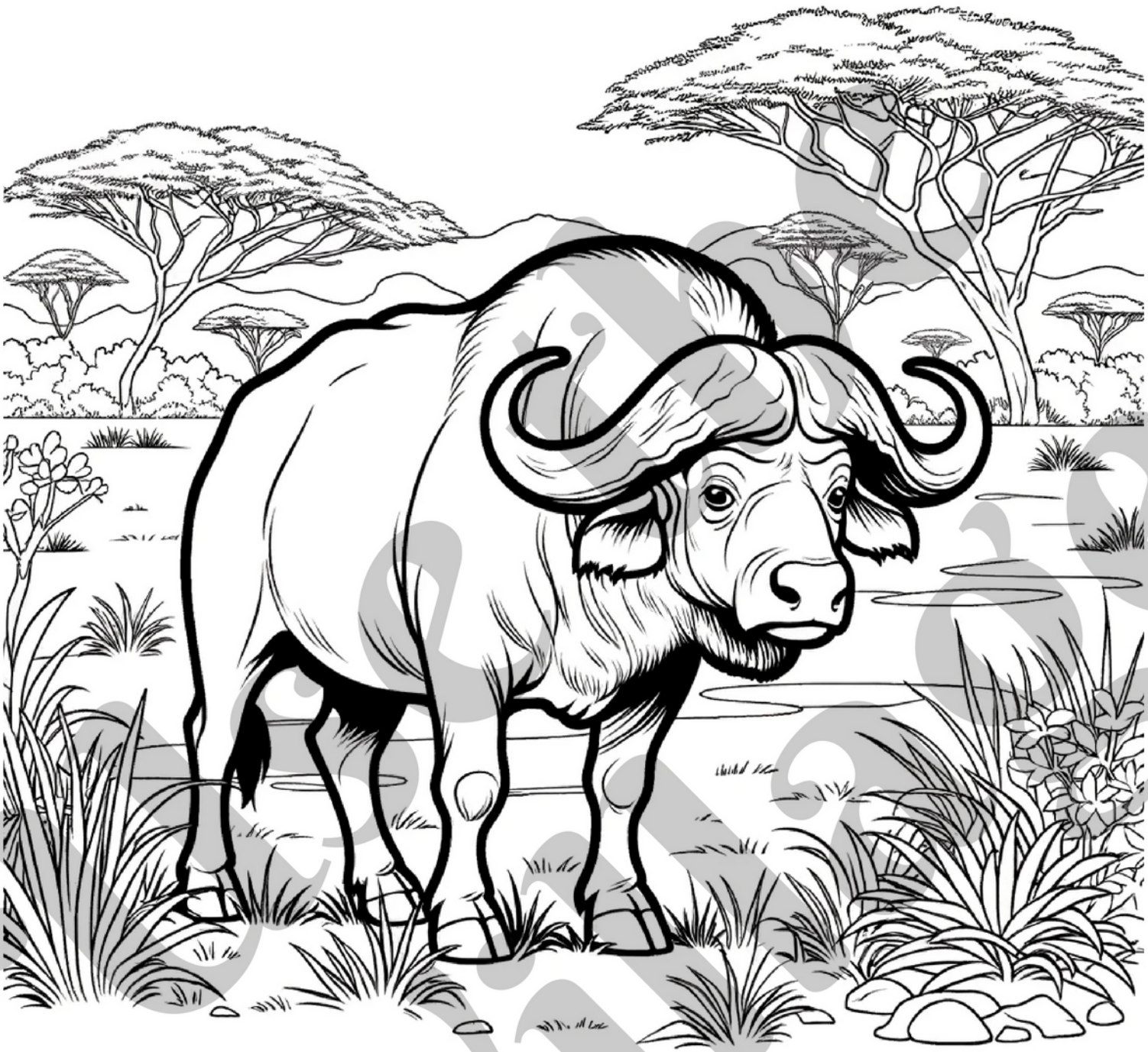
Flamingos are famous for their bright pink feathers and their habit of standing on one leg, which is believed to conserve body heat.



Gorillas share a fascinating trait with humans: they have unique fingerprints! Just like humans, no two gorillas have the same fingerprint pattern.



Spotted hyenas, the most well-known species, have one of the most powerful bites in the animal kingdom relative to their size. This allows them to access nutritious marrow inside bones, a feat few other animals can achieve.



African buffaloes are known for their strong social bonds, living in large herds with a sophisticated structure. They fiercely protect each other from predators, often counter-attacking threats like lions in solidarity.